

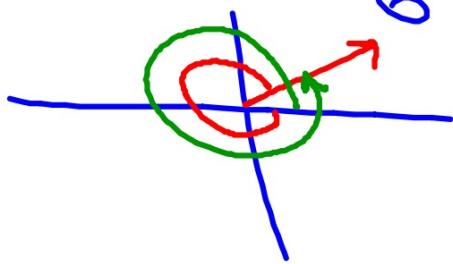
May 1, 2012 *Alg2*  
get out your homework



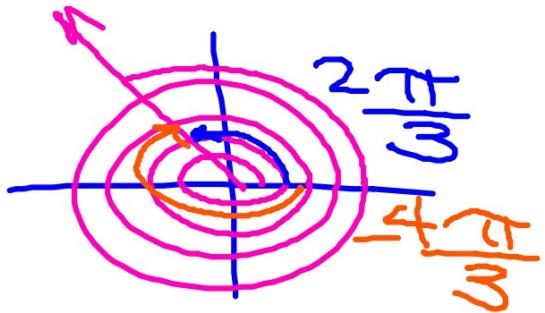
30)  $\frac{3\pi}{16}$  supp.



12)  $-\frac{11\pi}{6}, \frac{13\pi}{6}$



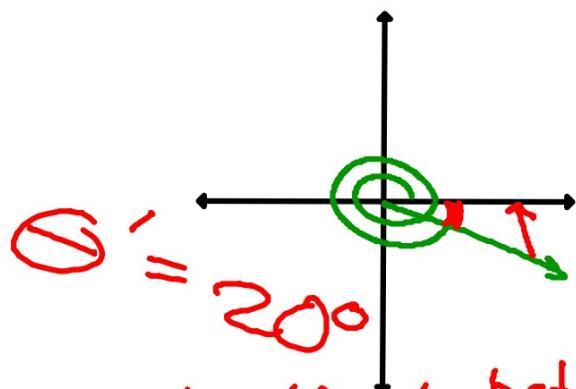
38)  $\frac{26\pi}{3}$



## 5/1 - Reference Angles and Evaluating Trig Functions

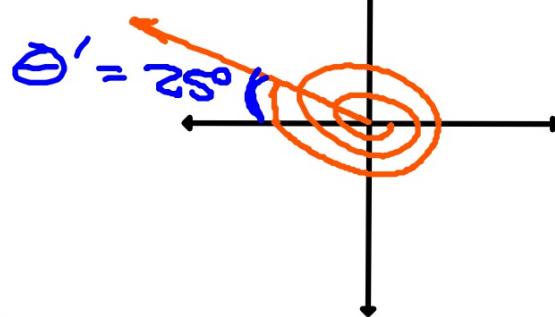
Draw each angle then determine the reference angle.

$$\theta = 700^\circ$$

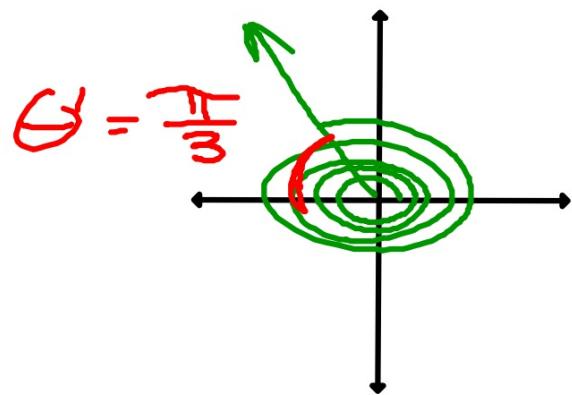


*Use the  $\angle$  between  
the terminal side and  
the x-axis.*

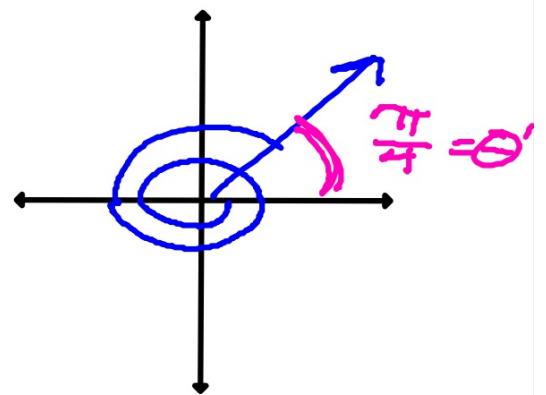
$$\begin{array}{r} -925^\circ \\ \hline 720 \\ -205 \\ \hline -180 \end{array}$$



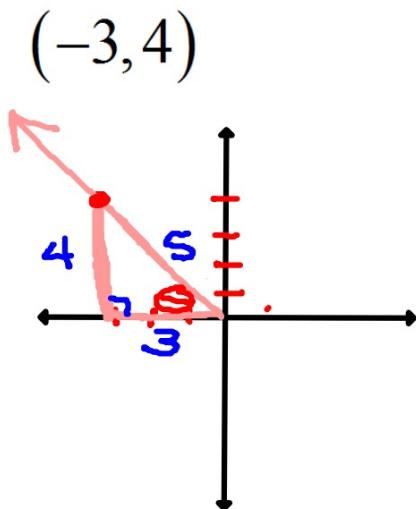
$$\frac{26\pi}{3} = 8\frac{2}{3}\pi$$



$$\frac{-15\pi}{4} = -3\frac{3}{4}\pi$$



You are given a point on the terminal side of an angle.  
Find the given trig functions using that angle.



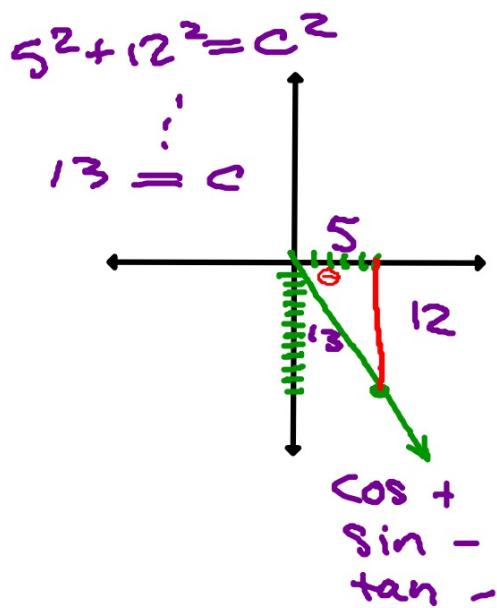
$$\begin{aligned} \sin \theta &= \frac{4}{5} \\ \cos \theta &= -\frac{3}{5} \\ \tan \theta &= -\frac{4}{3} \end{aligned}$$

Cos refers to the x-value  
Sin refers to the y-value  
Tan refers to  $\frac{y}{x}$

Sign Chart

$\cos$	-	$\cos$	+
$\sin$	+	$\sin$	+
$\tan$	-	$\tan$	+
$\cos$	-	$\cos$	+
$\sin$	-	$\sin$	-
$\tan$	+	$\tan$	-

$(5, -12)$



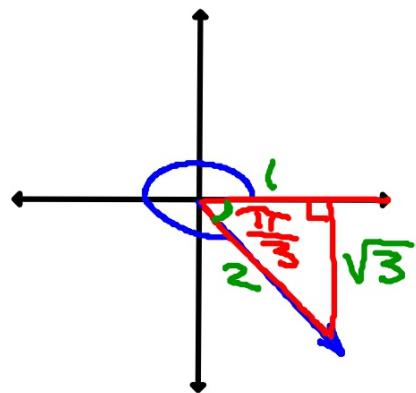
$$\sin \theta = -\frac{12}{13}$$

$$\cos \theta = +\frac{5}{13}$$

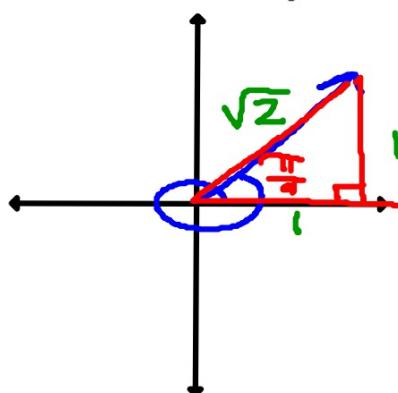
$$\tan \theta = -\frac{12}{5}$$

Find each.

$$\sin \frac{5\pi}{3} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$



$$\tan \frac{9\pi}{4} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$$



$$\frac{\pi}{3} = 60^\circ$$

# Homework

Page 697 #9-54 x3 skip 30

Due Thurs.

